

Violence Prevention starts with Civility and Respect - Workbook

Most people think of violence as a physical assault. However, workplace violence is a much broader problem. It is any act in which a person is abused, threatened, intimidated or assaulted in his or her employment. Workplace violence includes:

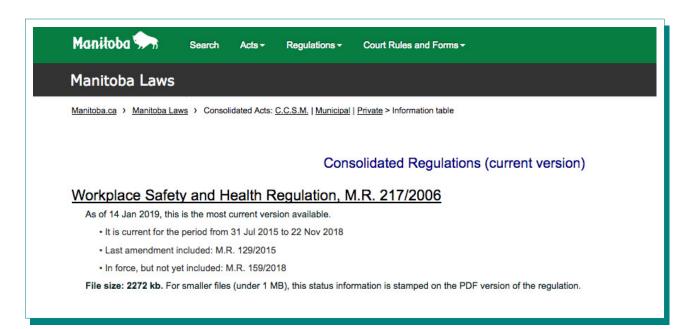
- Threatening behaviour such as shaking fists, destroying property or throwing objects.
- Verbal or written threats any expression of an intent to inflict harm.
- Harassment any behaviour that demeans, embarrasses, humiliates, annoys, alarms or verbally abuses a person and that is known or would be expected to be unwelcome. This includes words, gestures, intimidation, bullying, or other inappropriate activities.
- Verbal abuse swearing, insults or condescending language.
- Physical attacks hitting, shoving, pushing or kicking.

Workplace violence is not limited to incidents that occur within a traditional work-place. Work-related violence can occur at off-site business-related functions (conferences, trade shows), at social events related to work, in clients' homes or away from work but resulting from work (a threatening telephone call to your home from a client).

(Source: CCOHS OSH Answers Fact Sheets 2017) www.ccohs.ca/topics/wellness/violence/



Manitoba Legislation



What is Harassment? (pp. 96-97, current Legislation)

Part 10 Workplace Safety and Health Act and Regulation

- (a) objectionable conduct that creates a risk to the health of a worker; or
- (b) severe conduct that adversely affects a worker's psychological or physical well-being

What is Violence? (pp. 98-103, current Legislation)

Part 11 Workplace Safety Health Act and Regulation

- (a) the attempted or actual exercise of physical force against a person; and
- (b) any threatening statement or behaviour that gives a person reasonable cause to believe that physical force will be used against the person

(Source: https://web2.gov.mb.ca/laws/regs/current/ reg.php?reg=217/2006)

Recognizing Violence and the Warning Signs - Activity #1

What do you recoming in your workshood	Prevention Thought:
What do you recognize in your workplace?	It is much easier to prevent violence by stopping small incidents than trying to deal with the aftermath of a major crisis.
Prevention Thought	
Take particular note if:	
☐ There is a change in their behaviour patterns	
$\hfill\Box$ The frequency and intensity of the behaviours are displayed	ruptive to the work environment
☐ The person is exhibiting many of these behaviours, ra	ther than just a few
Warning signs may include:	
☐ Crying, sulking or temper tantrums	
☐ Excessive absenteeism or lateness	
$\ \square$ Pushing the limits of acceptable conduct or disregard	ling the health and safety of others
☐ Disrespect for authority	
☐ Increased mistakes or errors, or unsatisfactory work of	quality
☐ Refusal to acknowledge job performance problems	
☐ Faulty decision-making	
☐ Swearing or emotional language	
☐ Handles criticism poorly	

Recognizing Violence and the Warning Signs - Activity #1 (cont'd)

☐ Forgetfulness, confusion and/or distraction, inability to focus
☐ Complaints of unfair personal treatment
☐ Talking about the same problems repeatedly without resolving them
☐ Insistence that he or she is always right
☐ Social isolation
☐ Personal hygiene is poor or ignored
☐ Sudden and/or unpredictable change in energy level
$\ \square$ Holds grudges, especially against his or her supervisor
Are there physical signs that a pareau may be becoming violent?
Are there physical signs that a person may be becoming violent?
Sometimes it is not what a person says, but what their body is "doing". Use caution if you see someone who shows one or more of the following "non-verbal" signs or body language.
☐ Flushed or pale face
☐ Sweating
☐ Pacing, restless, or repetitive movements
☐ Signs of extreme fatigue (e.g., dark circles under the eyes)
☐ Trembling or shaking
☐ Clenched jaws or fists
☐ Exaggerated or violent gestures
☐ Change in voice
☐ Shallow, rapid breathing
☐ Scowling, sneering or use of abusive language
☐ Glaring or avoiding eye contact
☐ Violating your personal space (they get too close)

Violence Prevention - What Your Policy Must Include

- Company commitment
- What is violence?
- Violence is against the Law (Criminal Code)
- Workers rights and responsibilities
- Employer responsibilities
- Where might violence occur?
- Steps to eliminate or reduce the risk of violence
- Notification of risk
- How to report incidents of violence
- Incident investigation
- Annual reporting
- Follow up to a violent incident



Source: SafeWork Manitoba Preventing Violence in the Workplace. pp. 21-24

https://www.safemanitoba.com/Page%20Related%20Documents/resources/4640 swmb preventing violence in the workplace guide final eng.pdf

Civility and Respect Exercise #2

Why does it matter?

A civil and respectful workplace is related to greater job satisfaction, greater perceptions of fairness, a more positive attitude, improved morale, better teamwork, greater interest in personal development, engagement in problem resolution, enhanced supervisor-staff relationships, and reduction in sick leave and turnover. Organizations characterized by civility and respect create a positive atmosphere marked by high spirits and work satisfaction. This civility allows people to enjoy the environment, whether they are staff, clients or customers.

What happens when it is not present?

A workplace that lacks civility and respect can lead to emotional exhaustion amongst staff, greater conflicts, and job withdrawal. A work environment that is uncivil and disrespectful also exposes organizations to the threat of more grievances and legal risks.

continued over

(Source: https://www.ccohs.ca/oshanswers/psychosocial/mentalhealth_risk.html)

Civility and Respect Exercise #2

How does your workplace manage civility and respect?		
What are the challenges?		
What changes are needed?		
What knowledge is required?		
What prohibits potential progress?		

Workplace Supports Exercise #3

What does your workplace do to assess workplace mental health?		
What workplace tools do you know about?		
What else does your workplace need?		

Workplace Harassment and Violence - Prevention

- Encourage everyone at the workplace to act towards others in a respectful and professional manner.
- Develop a workplace policy and program that includes a reporting system.
- Educate everyone about what is considered bullying and harassment and whom they can go to for help.
- Treat all reports seriously, and investigate them promptly and confidentially.
- Try to work out solutions before the situation gets serious or "out of control".
- Train supervisors and managers on how to follow up on problem situations, whether or not a formal report has been filed.
- Have an impartial third-party person help with resolution if necessary.



Resources/Tools

Canadian Human Rights Association

What constitutes harassment

https://www.chrc-ccdp.gc.ca/eng/content/what-harassment-1

Government of Manitoba

Legislation Parts 10 and 11

https://web2.gov.mb.ca/laws/regs/current/_reg.php?reg=217/2006

Federal Government

Report - Workplace Violence Consultations 2017

https://www.canada.ca/en/employment-social-development/news/2017/11/government_of_canadareleasesreportonharassmentandsexualviolencec.html

SafeWork Manitoba

Preventing Violence in the Workplace - Guide

https://www.safemanitoba.com/Page%20Related%20Documents/
resources/4640_swmb_preventing_violence_in_the_workplace_guide_final_
enq.pdf

Psychological Health and Safety in the Workplace

https://www.safemanitoba.com/Resources/Pages/Psychological-Health-and-Safety-in-the-Workplace-Strategy.aspx

Video - SafeWork Manitoba and WorkSafe BC - Workplace Bullying

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8iT8R75Rr_E&feature=youtu.be

Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS)

Healthy Minds Portal

www.ccohs.ca/healthyminds

Healthy Workplaces Portal

www.ccohs.ca/healthyworkplaces

Violence Prevention and Mental Health Fact Sheets

www.ccohs.ca/topics/programs/programs/violence/

www.ccohs.ca/topics/wellness/mentalhealth/

Canadian Standards Association (CSA)

Assembling the Pieces: An Implementation Guide to the National Standard for Psychological Health and Safety in the Workplace

www.csagroup.org/documents/codes-and-standards/publications/SPE-Z1003-Guidebook.pdf

CAN/CSA-Z1003-13/BNQ 9700 - 803/2013 - Psychological health and safety in the workplace

http://shop.csa.ca/en/canada/occupational-health-and-safety-management/cancsa-z1003-13bnq-9700-8032013/invt/z10032013

Great West Life Centre for Mental Health

Workplace Strategies for Mental Health

www.workplacestrategiesformentalhealth.com/

Guarding Minds @ Work

www.guardingmindsatwork.ca

Occupational Health Clinics for Ontario Workers (OHCOW)

Mental Injury Prevention Tools - Copenhagen Psychosocial Questionnaire (COPSOQ)

http://www.ohcow.on.ca/edit/files/mip/UsingCOPSOQ.pdf

StressAssess - Workplace and Personal Editions (COPSOQ III, Canadian data)

https://stressassess.ca

Mental Health Commission of Canada

An Action Guide for Employers

http://www.mentalhealthcommission.ca/English/media/3050

Mental Health First Aid

https://www.mhfa.ca/en/home

Assembling the Pieces Toolkit Online Course

https://www.ccohs.ca/products/courses/assembling_pieces

Health and Safety Executive - United Kingdom

Management Standards - Stress

http://www.hse.gov.uk/stress/standards/

Talking Toolkit - Stress at Work

http://www.hse.gov.uk/stress/assets/docs/stress-talking-toolkit.pdf

European Union - OSHA

Psychosocial risks and stress at work

https://osha.europa.eu/en/themes/psychosocial-risks-and-stress

Canadian Mental Health Association

Takeaways Toolkit

https://cmha.ca/takeaways

Workshop Co-Authors / Coauteures de l'atelier Emma Ashurst and / et Sue Freeman

For Further Information / Pour de plus amples renseignements Phone/téléphone : 1-800-668-4284

Email/courriel: clientservices@ccohs.ca / serviceclientele@cchst.ca



Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety & Centre canadien d'hygiène et de sécurité au travail